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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
2	WESTERN DIVISION
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Case No. 3:12-mj-7045 Toledo, Ohio
4	Plaintiff, Friday, August 10, 2012
5	vs.
6	HIROSHI YOSHIDA,
7	Defendant.
8	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE HONORABLE VERNELIS K. ARMSTRONG UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
10	
11	MOTION HEARING
12	APPEARANCES:
13	For the Government: L. Heidi Manschreck, Esq. Robert Jacobs, Esq.
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18	and
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Interpreter (via telephone) Also Present: Lori Ann Callahan, RMR-CRR Court Reporter: United States District Courthouse Room 568 2 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308 (330) 252-6022 Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography from a digital audio recording; transcript produced by computer-aided transcription. 

## PROCEEDINGS

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THE COURT: Good afternoon. The case before the court this afternoon -- thank you so much, David -- is the United States of America versus Hiroshi Yoshida, Case 3:12-mi-7045.

Is he okay? Can you hear? Can you hear?

THE INTERPRETER: I can -- I can hear.

UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Unless we plug the fingers in my ear -- in our ear, because the English and Japanese are --

THE COURT: Oh.

THE INTERPRETER: I'm sorry, but I'm not able to hear. The interpreter is not able to hear whatever was just said now.

THE COURT: It was not intended to be heard. You're fine.

The case before the court is the case of Mr. Hiroshi Yoshida, and the court would state the appearances present in court this afternoon is a Ms. Heidi Manschreck, Mr. Rob Jacobs and Ms. Ava Dustin, Supervisory Assistant United States Attorney here in the Northern District of Ohio on behalf of the government.

And also present for the defendant is his counsel, Mr. Stephen Squeri, together with his co-counsel, Mr. Justin Letts.

1	Are the parties ready to proceed?
2	MR. SQUERI: We are, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Government ready to proceed?
4	MS. MANSCHRECK: We are, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
6	MS. DUSTIN: Your Honor, I would note for the
7	record that I am not making an appearance in the case. I am
8	just here as an advisory for the attorneys that are
9	representing
10	THE INTERPRETER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I am not
11	able to hear anything.
12	THE COURT: I'll repeat that. Ms. Ava Dustin
13	stated that she is not making an appearance in this case,
14	she is just here in an advisory capacity with counsel Heidi
15	Manschreck and Rob Jacobs.
16	Did you understand that?
17	THE INTERPRETER: I can't hear very well.
18	THE COURT: The court should also note that
19	Mr. Mark Miller of pretrial services is present for the
20	hearing today.
21	We are here today upon the defendant's motion to
22	modify conditions of pretrial release. The defendant,
23	Mr. Hiroshi Yoshida, was charged in a criminal complaint
24	that was filed on June 15th of 2012, with a charge of
25	conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce, in violation
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of Title 15 of the United States Code, Section 1.

Mr. Yoshida has been released upon bond subject to conditions.

We are here today to address those conditions and defendant's motion to modify conditions of pretrial release.

Mr. Squeri, would you like to go forward?

MR. SQUERI: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you very -thank you very much for taking the time to conduct this
hearing for us today.

As -- as you indicated, I'm here today accompanied also by my co-counsel, Justin Letts of our firm. I understand now we do have an interpreter available for our motion. This is a continuation of a hearing that we originally had set on July 26th.

Your Honor, I have the privilege of representing my client, Hiroshi Yoshida, who is a citizen of Japan, who works at a Japanese-owned company that has established manufacturing operations here in the United States, an operation that is employing about 500 people.

As I mentioned when we met last time, we intend to at least call one witness, Special Agent Kevin Brown. And I expect he will be the only witness that we call.

THE INTERPRETER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I really apologize, but I'm not able to hear the counsel well, so --

THE COURT: Did you hear anything that he said?

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1	THE INTERPRETER: I did hear it, but I'm not
2	hearing like some of the words. So if he can speak into the
3	microphone or some other way, because I'm not able to hear
4	the entirety of his argument.
5	MR. SQUERI: Okay. I will try. Is that better?
6	THE INTERPRETER: That's much better. Thank you
7	very much.
8	MR. SQUERI: Okay. I will try to speak more
9	directly
10	THE INTERPRETER: Thank you.
11	MR. SQUERI: into the microphone.
12	As I mentioned, Your Honor, beyond Special Agent
13	Kevin Brown, we do not intend to call any other witnesses,
14	but we do plan to proffer certain additional information for
15	the court's consideration after we do call Agent Brown.
16	Before we do call Agent Brown to the stand, please
17	allow me to just briefly summarize our position and why we
18	believe the facts here support and justify the change in the
19	conditions here, that is, the removal of the electronic
20	monitoring.
21	We intend, among other things, Your Honor, to show

We intend, among other things, Your Honor, to show that the release condition of electronic monitoring here is unnecessary in this case, and that it is extraordinary to require it in a case of this nature.

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As DOJ has acknowledged, and as we've previously
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discussed with the court, one of the premises for imposing the condition on Mr. Yoshida has proved to be incorrect. But our arguments go well beyond that.

And it is important to note, as the court may give a certain amount of deference, we understand, to the earlier decision of the magistrate judge in Columbus, that there was not a full opportunity to vet the relevant considerations on the day of Mr. Yoshida's arrest.

I would just observe, first of all, prior to that day, Mr. Yoshida was not represented by counsel, which is not surprising given that DOJ had not issued a target letter at that point in time.

So as his counsel, we were very limited on that day in what we could say or do. DOJ had had its own substantial responsi- -- opportunity to conduct this investigation over a period of many months, while there was essentially nothing that we knew about this investigation until the day Mr. Yoshida was arrested.

And I need to add that that needs to be considered in light of the fact that this is in no sense a garden-variety case. It is an antitrust case with international implications. The issues and the context, therefore, are necessarily more complex.

And this was true not just for counsel on that day, but also for the magistrate judge before whom

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Mr. Yoshida was brought when he was arrested. This was not a typical criminal prosecution. And the knowledge of the nuances with this pros- -- associated with this prosecution were known only by DOJ at that time.

So I would ask the court, while giving the earlier ruling appropriate deference, to recognize that this is really the first opportunity that we have to fully vet the issues as to whether or not it is appropriate to impose these conditions of release.

Your Honor, we also intend to do more than talk about the mistake rooted in the incorrect translation of the telephone conversation described in the affidavit submitted by DOJ.

We would also intend to show that DOJ has attempted to paint a picture of our client that is not consistent with the evidence.

Mr. Yoshida is a respected businessman. He is now entering into the second year of his second tour of duty here in the United States. He previously worked here in the United States for five years, from 1998 until -- until 2003, and always conducted himself in compliance with U.S. law while in this country.

He has roots in our community in that he works for a company with substantial operations here in Ohio. I mentioned before that this was -- these are manufacturing

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operations that employ approximately 500 people here in the United States.

And he has worked for the same -- this same company, its parent company, for more than 30 years, his entire career, since he graduated from college.

Your Honor, Mr. Yoshida is prepared to answer the criminal charges the U.S. says -- United States says that they intend to bring against him, consistent with the laws of our country. And he is not going to leave this country while those charges are pending. And his employer expects him to act accordingly.

And contrary to the suggestion of DOJ, there is no real practical incentive for his employer to send him back to Japan. In fact, it's to the contrary.

DOJ's opposition to our motion relies, among other things, on the weight of the evidence. And let me be clear, and I am in part responding to a specific statement made in DOJ's papers, we are in no sense conceding what is stated in the government's affidavit. We do not agree with the government's statement regarding the weight of the evidence, or statements about Mr. Yoshida's present willingness to somehow violate United States antitrust laws.

We believe as well that the government has grossly overstated the risk of flight. In fact, the government's arguments in this respect are based upon inaccurate

premises.

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With that, Your Honor, I would first proceed, before getting to the rest of my argument and the proffering of evidence, to call Special Agent Kevin Brown to the stand.

THE COURT: Thank you. Ms. Manschreck, do you wish to make any statement at this time?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, if you don't mind, I would like to respond to some of the arguments that have been made before the witness is put on.

THE COURT: Do you have any objections to the witness that you want to state at this time as well?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Yes. And also, I would state for the record that the government does object to the calling of this witness at this point.

We do not believe that this witness has relevant information for the issue of the bond modification that is the subject of this hearing.

THE COURT: And would you like to state a response to Mr. Squeri at this time? You certainly may do so.

MS. MANSCHRECK: Actually, Your Honor, I can wait for that until afterwards.

THE COURT: All right. The court is aware of your objection and the court has considered it and decided to overrule your objection and permit Special Agent Brown to testify on a limited basis, reminding Mr. Squeri that this

1	is a detention hearing, not a preliminary hearing or a
2	discovery hearing. This is merely a bond hearing.
3	And when I say "merely," I don't mean that it's
4	not important, it's a very important hearing. But the
5	nature of the hearing is bond as opposed to probable cause
6	hearing.
7	And I'd direct you to keep that in mind as you
8	question Special Agent Brown.
9	MR. SQUERI: Sure. Sure, Your Honor. As I
10	mentioned in chambers, our inquiry into the merits will be
11	relatively limited and is intended to directly respond to
12	the government's assertions on page 5 of its brief.
13	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
14	Agent Brown, would you please come forward and be
15	sworn?
16	KEVIN BROWN, of lawful age, a witness called by
17	the United States, being first duly sworn, was examined and
18	testified as follows:
19	THE CLERK: Have a seat.
20	THE COURT: You may be seated.
21	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
22	THE COURT: You may proceed, Mr. Squeri.
23	MR. SQUERI: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION OF KEVIN BROWN
25	BY MR. SQUERI:

- 1 Q. Please state your name for the record.
- 2 A. Kevin Brown.
- Q. And, Mr. Brown, are you a special agent with the FBI's
- 4 Cleveland division?
- 5 A. Yes, I am.
- 6 Q. And is it true that you have been assigned to an
- 7 | investigation involving alleged collusion involving the sale
- 8 of anti-vibration rubber parts?
- 9 **A.** Yes.
- 10 Q. And your assignment to this investigation that involves
- 11 | this case began in approximately October of 2011; is that
- 12 | correct?
- 13 **A.** Yes.
- Q. And, Special Agent Brown, did you sign an affidavit in
- 15 support of a criminal complaint issued in the case here
- against Hiroshida -- Hiroshi Yoshida, which is the case that
- 17 | we are here on today?
- 18 **A.** Yes, I did.
- 19 Q. And do you have a copy of that affidavit with you?
- 20 A. No, I do not.
- 21 MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, may I hand the witness a
- 22 | copy of the affidavit?
- THE COURT: You may. You may.
- MR. SQUERI: I have a -- Your Honor, I have a copy
- 25 | for the court, too. I assume the government has it. You
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1 have it? Okay. Thank you. 2 THE COURT: And the court would note for the 3 record that the interpreter has a copy of the affidavit. 4 MR. SQUERI: Oh. Thank you, Your Honor. 5 6 BY MR. SQUERI: Q. Agent Brown, you understand that the sworn statements 7 made by you in this affidavit have also been relied upon 8 here by the United States on the issue of what conditions of 9 release ought to be maintained with respect to Mr. Yoshida? 10 A. I'm sorry, I --11 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. I don't believe --12 THE COURT: Sustained. You don't know what --13 that's an improper question. You don't know what he knows 14 the government relied upon. 15 BY MR. SQUERI: 16 Q. Well, Agent, have you, in fact, participated in 17 formulating the positions taken here by the United States 18 with respect to the conditions of release that have been 19 established with respect to Mr. Yoshida? 20 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. That's a legal 21 question. 22 THE COURT: Sustained. 2.3 BY MR. SQUERI: 24 Q. In any event, you understand that the purpose of this

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hearing today is to determine whether the conditions imposed 1 with respect to Mr. Yoshida ought to be modified, that is, 2 the conditions that relate to his electronic monitoring? 3 4 A. Yes. Q. Agent Brown, the investigation leading to this 5 complaint was being conducted as a result of information 6 supplied by an applicant under the U.S. Justice Department's 7 Antitrust Division's leniency program; is that correct? 8 9 A. Yes. Q. And this program is also called an amnesty program; is 10 that correct? 11 12 A. Yes. Q. And that's because it doesn't only provide leniency for 13 companies that take advantage of it, but also provides 14 amnesty from a corporate applicant, that is, 15 non-prosecution? 16 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis for that. 17 MR. SQUERI: It's in his declaration -- it's in 18 his affidavit, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: It's my understanding it was in the 20 affidavit. 21 MS. MANSCHRECK: My objection is that the agent 22 has no basis for explaining why it might be called the 23 24 amnesty program versus the leniency program. THE COURT: All right. Sustained to that extent. 25

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1	BY MR. SQUERI:
2	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . You are aware of the fact that the program provides for
3	more than leniency, but, in fact, provides for
4	non-prosecution; isn't that correct?
5	A. Under certain conditions, yes.
6	Q. And it and it allows for non-prosecution also of
7	employees of a company that makes an amnesty application,
8	correct?
9	A. Again, under certain conditions, that's my
10	understanding, yes.
11	Q. And here, the leniency or amnesty applicant is
12	is that correct?
13	A. I believe we refer in the affidavit to the applicant as
14	Company A.
15	Q. And that Company A also employed CW-1 and CW-2,
16	employees of who also have been granted some type of
17	leniency or applicant
18	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. There's no basis to
19	conclude that those individuals have been granted leniency.
20	MR. SQUERI: Either he knows or he doesn't know.
21	THE COURT: He can answer
22	MS. MANSCHRECK: There is no factual basis for the

question. THE COURT: He can answer if he knows.

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THE WITNESS: Could you repeat your question,

- please? 1
- BY MR. SQUERI:
- Q. Yes, Agent. Are you aware of the fact that CW-1 and 3 CW-2 are being allowed the benefit of non-prosecution under 4 the amnesty application filed by Company A, 5

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- I believe that they have the ability to fall under that program as well, yes. But where they stand in that program right now, I do not know.
- Q. You don't know where they are in the process, but non-prosecution is available to them, based upon your understanding, correct?
- Under certain conditions, yes.
  - Agent Brown, are you aware of the fact that there are many antitrust grand jury investigations and prosecutions going on today in the United States?
  - I'm aware that there are others certainly, yes. many, I do not know.
  - Q. You are not aware of the fact that, you know, at any given point in time, there is an average of about a hundred antitrust grand jury investigations going on in the United States?
- No, I have no idea how many. 23
- All right. Are you aware of any other antitrust cases 24 involving individuals who are subject to those 25

1	investigations being where individuals have been
2	subjected to electronic monitoring as in the case of
3	Mr. Yoshida?
4	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. It's
5	really not relevant to this issue.
6	THE COURT: Relevancy. Sustained.
7	MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, can I can I be heard
8	on that subject?
9	THE COURT: Certainly.
10	MR. SQUERI: This is an issue which we discussed
11	in chambers the last time we were here, and we had made the
12	assertion that at that time, that this was unusual, that
13	what for this kind of condition to be imposed.
14	THE INTERPRETER: The interpreter is not able to
15	hear.
16	MR. SQUERI: Okay. I will speak I will speak
17	more directly into the microphone.
18	THE COURT: Don't look at me, just
19	MR. SQUERI: Sorry.
20	Your Honor, when we met the last time in chambers,
21	we had discussed the fact that it was our position that this
22	was unusual, and the court asked us to substantiate that,
23	and we are trying to substantiate it. We think it's we
24	think it's relevant. It's an easy line of questioning. And
25	either the witness knows things or he doesn't, and we can

move on and I can offer other evidence later on. 1 2 THE COURT: Do you wish to respond, 3 Ms. Manschreck? MS. MANSCHRECK: Yes, Your Honor. Whether it's 4 usual or not has no bearing on whether there's a risk of 5 flight for this particular defendant. And the United States 6 continues to be of the position that it has absolutely no 7 relevance for this hearing. 8 It sounds to the United States as if the defendant 9 is attempting to question the tactics of the Department of 10 Justice here, which really are not at issue. 11 MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, I would respectfully 12 disagree very strongly with the government here. The fact 13 that -- that they typically do not take these kinds of 14 steps, or seek this kind of -- these kinds of conditions in 15 these cases I believe is highly relevant in us demonstrating 16 that this is an extraordinary condition for them to seek 17 18 under these circumstances. THE COURT: But is this the witness to obtain that 19 information from? I don't think it's relevant in this 20 21 instance. If you have statistics that you can pull from the 22 23 Department of Justice, I think that's one argument. But I don't think it's relevant here based on this witness. 24

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MR. SQUERI: I understand. I mean, the witness

- Case: 3:12-mj-07045-VKA Doc #: 19 Filed: 08/16/12 19 of 86. PageID #: 107 19 knows what he knows. And he's part of the team. And if he 1 2 considered -- if he knows whether or not what they've done in other cases applies here, fine. If he doesn't, he 3 4 doesn't know. THE COURT: The court reaffirms its earlier ruling 5 that it's irrelevant. 6 7 BY MR. SQUERI: Q. Agent Brown, at the time that you signed your 8 affidavit, you believed that there was a reference during 9 that phone conversation -- during the phone conversation 10 that's referred to in that affidavit, to a JFTC 11 investigation; is that correct? 12 A. Yes. 13 Q. And JFTC, just for the record, stands for Japan Fair 14
  - Trade Commission, correct?

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- A. I'm not sure of the exact what it stands for, but I'm aware that it's the Japanese version of the ant- -- similar to antitrust, yes.
- Q. Yes. And, in fact, it was your understanding at that time that they had their own investigation going on with respect to the same matters that are at issue in this case; is that correct?
  - MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis.
- MR. SOUERI: Your Honor, he represented in his --24
- THE COURT: I think it was set forth in the 25

affidavit.

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MR. SQUERI: Yes.

MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, there was nothing set forth in the affidavit referring to our awareness of the existence of a JFTC investigation of Mr. Yoshida. And I would point you, Your Honor, to --

MR. SQUERI: I can rephrase the question if it's specific as to Mr. Yoshida.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. You -- you are aware of the fact, are you not, that there -- that went in as an amnesty applicant to the Japan Fair Trade Commission with respect to these allegations of collusion involving the sale of anti-vibration rubber parts; is that correct?
- A. I'm sorry, repeat your question. I was trying to read at the same time. I apologize.
- Q. No problem. I'll repeat the question for you.

You were -- you are aware of the fact that the amnesty applicant in this case has also made an amnesty application to the Japan Fair Trade Commission; is that correct?

I was aware at the time of this affidavit that the company that we referred to as Company A had also applied to a similar program in Japan, yes.

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1	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . Now, your affidavit suggested, based upon what you
2	understood was said during that phone conversation, that
3	Mr. Yoshida was somehow being transferred back to Japan
4	because of something related to a JFTC investigation; is
5	that correct?
6	A. My understanding was that, yes, Mr. Yoshida was
7	potentially being transferred back to Japan because of, yes,
8	the JFTC in Japan.
9	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . But you came to learn that that understanding was in
10	error, correct?
11	A. That's part of that the reason for his transfer was
12	different than what we had believed at the time of the
13	affidavit, yes; but not the fact that he was potentially
14	being transferred back to Japan.
15	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . Right. And just to be clear, when you prepared and
16	signed your affidavit, you believed it to be accurate,
17	because that's what was found in a transcript created by an
18	interpreter working for the Department of Justice, correct?
19	A. Correct.
20	$\mathbf{Q}$ . And and that's what you had also been told by CW-2;
21	is that correct?
22	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis.
23	THE COURT: Sustained.
24	BY MR. SQUERI:
25	Q. Were you told anything by CW-2 about any mention during

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- that phone conversation about a JFTC investigation?
- 2 A. I don't recall.
- Q. Did you attempt to confirm with him -- well, did you
- 4 debrief him following that phone conversation?
- 5 A. Briefly, yes.
- Q. And did he or did he not mention the JFTC investigation -- a JFTC investigation during -- let me rephrase that.
- Did he or did he not mention anything about the JFTC during that debriefing?
- 11 A. I don't recall if he mentioned JFTC or not during the debriefing.
- 13 Q. Did he make any mention of any agency in Japan?
  - A. Not to my recollection during the debriefing, no.
- Q. At any point in time, did he ever make any mention of the JFTC with respect to his conversation that he had with
- 17 Mr. Yoshida?

- 18 A. I don't recall.
- 20 Did you attempt to verify with CW-2 whether or not any statement had been made about the JFTC during this
- 21 conversation with Mr. Yoshida?
- 22 **A.** At the time of the debriefing, I received simply a
  23 brief overview of the call in general. We did not get into
  24 a lot of specifics.
- Q. Before you signed your affidavit, did you at any -- had

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you at any point in time discussed the subject of a JFTC mentioned with CW-2?

A. No.

Q. And it's true, Agent Brown, that subsequent to the tape-recorded phone conversation, you began monitoring international flights to see whether or not Mr. Yoshida planned to leave the country; is that correct?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Again, no basis.

Mr. -- the agent has not said that he personally was a monitor.

THE COURT: Will you rephrase your question?

MR. SQUERI: I'll rephrase the question.

## BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. It is your understanding, Agent Brown, that subsequent to that tape-recorded telephone conversation on May 30, 2012, that you or others within the United States Government began monitoring international flights to see whether or not Mr. Yoshida planned to leave the country?
- A. Essentially, yes.
  - Q. And did you find any indication that Mr. Yoshida had made such arrangements?
  - A. No.
  - Q. And the day after the phone conversation, that is, May 31, 2012, one of your colleagues, Special Agent Sante, participated in an interview of Mr. Yoshida; is that

correct?

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- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. And when Mr. Yoshida was interviewed, there was no 3 indication given that he was about to leave the United 4
- States, was there? 5
  - MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Again, no basis.
- MR. SQUERI: All right. 7
- THE COURT: Sustained. 8
- 9 BY MR. SQUERI:
- Q. Agent, let me refer you to paragraph 13 of your 10 declaration. Paragraph 13, you discuss the interview that 11 was conducted by Agent Sante of Mr. Yoshida on May 31, 2012; 12
- is that correct? 13
- A. Yes. 14
- Q. And is it fair to say that at least as of the time that 15 you wrote this affidavit, you completed this affidavit, you 16 had no information that Mr. -- that Mr. Yoshida had 17 indicated anything about leaving the United States? 18
- MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis. 19
- THE COURT: Will you rephrase your question? 20
- BY MR. SQUERI: 21
- Q. Was anything -- strike that. 22
- You received and were privy to a report concerning 23 Agent Sante's interview of Mr. Yoshida on May 31, 2012; is 24 that correct? 25
  - Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

- A. Yes. 1
- Q. Based on that report, did you have any information 2
- indicating that Mr. Yoshida was planning to leave the United 3
- 4 States?
- 5 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 6
- THE WITNESS: I'm not aware of any information in 7
- the report of that interview of Mr. Yoshida mentioning 8
- 9 international travel, no.
- BY MR. SQUERI: 10
- 11 O. And isn't it true, Agent, that on that day, Mr. Yoshida
- 12 let the FBI and Justice Department into his home and agreed
- to an interview that lasted for four and a half hours? 13
- A. I do not know how long the interview lasted. But I am 14
- aware that it occurred at his house, yes. 15
- Q. And it -- and it was an extensive interview, wasn't it? 16
- 17 A. Again, I was not there for the interview. I do not
- know how long it lasted. 18
- 19 Q. And you are aware of the fact that following that
- interview, Mr. Yoshida -- the interview of himself, 20
- Mr. Yoshida led the Justice Department and FBI to one of his 21
- 22 coworkers that they were interested in speaking to?
- MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Basis. 23
- 24 BY MR. SQUERI:
- 25 Q. If you're aware.

THE COURT: Sustained. You correct -- you amended 1 2 your question. 3 MR. SQUERI: Yes. 4 THE COURT: All right. BY MR. SQUERI: 5 Were you aware of the fact that Mr. Yoshida led the 6 Justice Department and FBI to one of his coworkers that they 7 were interested in talking to on May 31, 2012? 8 A. I was not aware of that, no. 9 O. Was one of his coworkers interviewed on that day as 10 11 well? 12 A. Yes. Q. And were you aware of the fact that the company's 13 attorney, following -- let me back up a second. 14 On May 31st, 2012, grand jury subpoenas were also 15 served on Mr. Yoshida and his employer; is that correct? 16 A. I think so. 17 18 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Basis. THE COURT: Can you rephrase your question? 19 BY MR. SQUERI: 20 Q. Are you aware of the fact that on May 31, 2012, grand 21 jury subpoenas were served on Mr. Yoshida and his employer 22 by -- and his employer here in the United States, on or 23 24 about May 31?

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A. I believe so, yes.

1	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . And even after the service of those grand jury
2	subpoenas, you did not become aware of any indication that
3	Mr. Yoshida had made any travel arrangements to leave the
4	United States; is that correct?
5	A. That's correct.
6	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . And were you aware that as of that point in time, the
7	company's attorney had told DOJ that it was not sending
8	people home who appeared to be subjects of the
9	investigation?
10	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis.
11	THE COURT: Sus you asked was he aware?
12	MR. SQUERI: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Overruled.
14	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you repeat the
15	question?
16	BY MR. SQUERI:
17	Q. Were you aware that the company's attorneys, that is,
18	the attorneys for Usa here in the United States told DOJ
19	that it was not sending people back to the Uni back to
20	Japan who had been identified as subjects of the
21	investigation?
22	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. It assumes facts that

THE COURT: Overruled. I am going to let him Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

are not in the record, and that appear to be misstatements

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of fact.

answer if he knows the answer.

THE WITNESS: I was not aware.

BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. Were you aware of any representations made by the company's lawyers to DOJ regarding whether or not it was sending people back to Japan?
- A. No, I was not.
  - Q. Now, Agent Brown, let me refer you to page 5 of your affidavit.

Do you see the summary there found in the first full paragraphs that begin on that page that relate to certain matters that you said were discussed during a phone conversation involving CW-2 and Mr. Yoshida on May 30, 2012?

- A. The first full paragraph on the page?
- **Q.** Yes.

THE COURT: What's the first word of the paragraph?

MR. SQUERI: Okay. I'm going to refer him to actually the third paragraph on that page, Your Honor, which is referred to by the government.

BY MR. SQUERI:

Q. It says, quote, "Yoshida informed CW-2 that he would like to continue making these arrangements between the two companies, but that Company A has refused to do so." Closed quote.

- Do you see that?
- 2 **A**. Yes.

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- 3 \ Q. That was included in your affidavit?
- 4 **A**. Yes.
- Q. Just to be clear, that's not a quote that you took from the transcript, it's your attempt to characterize or paraphrase what was being said during that conversation; is
- 8 | that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. The government seems to be relying on this observation
  by you to say somehow Mr. Yoshida is expressing a desire to
  continue illegal conversations.
  - Other than what you heard in this phone conversation, do you have any basis for believing that Mr. Yoshida was presently engaged in any attempts to violate United States law here in 2012?
  - A. Other than the conversation in this telephone call, is that what you said?
- 19 Q. Yes, that's -- that's right.
  - A. No, I do not have any other information that
    Mr. Yoshida was trying to violate U.S. law in 2012.
    - Q. And either in the last year or during the prior five years in which he worked here in the United States, you haven't identified any conduct on his part occurring here in the United States relating to a violation of U.S. law?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. Again, no 1 2 basis. MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, they've tried -- the 3 government has tried to paint a picture that my client was 4 somehow trying to initiate collusive conversations here in 5 the United States recently. It's a completely false 6 premise. It's not supported by what's in the transcript. 7 And I want to -- I'd like to explore whether or not there's 8 any basis whatsoever for the government to have made that 9 assertion. 10 THE COURT: Do you want to respond? 11 MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, it's argumentative 12 and he's not presenting any alternative version of what was 13 said in that transcript other than what you have before you. 14 I don't -- I don't see any basis -- any factual basis for 15 contesting that particular claim. 16 THE COURT: Overruled. I'm going to let you 17 18 proceed. MR. SQUERI: Thank you. 19 BY MR. SQUERI: 20 Agent, do you recall the question I'd asked you? 21 No, sir, I do not. 22 A. I'm going to have to remind myself for a moment. 23 Q. No problem. 24 A. Agent Brown, are you aware of any evidence that my 25 Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

1	client, Mr. Yoshida, has attempted to engage in any
2	collusive conduct while here in the United States, either in
3	the past year or in the prior five-year period when he was
4	here in the country?
5	A. I'm sorry, what the prior five-year period, what
6	time period are you speaking about?
7	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . I am speaking of 1997 to 2003, sir, just to be clear.
8	Sorry.
9	f A. So the time in the '90s and in 2012, is that the time
10	frame? I'm sorry.
11	Q. Yes. Are you aware of any collusive conduct which
12	might be characterized as collusive conduct on his part
13	during any of the time that he was here in the United
14	States?
15	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. Number
16	one, it's a compound question. It's difficult to answer
17	between this 1998 to 2003 period, and then the more recent
18	period. The witness has already answered that the statement
19	from 2012 about a desire to continue those agreements had
20	been made.
21	The question should, at the very least, be broken
22	up.
23	THE COURT: Can you do that?
24	MR. SQUERI: I'll break the question down.
25	THE COURT: Thank you. Sustained. Your objection

is sustained, and I ask you to break up the question. 1 2 MR. SQUERI: I will. 3 BY MR. SQUERI: Q. Agent Brown, are you aware of any activities on the 4 part of Mr. Yoshida, my client, over the past year, where he 5 has, in fact, attempted to engage in collusive conduct in 6 the United States? 7 THE COURT: And I believe you asked that question. 8 MR. SQUERI: I was trying -- I was trying to -- I 9 was just breaking it down. I -- okay. 10 THE COURT: You can answer. 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. Outside of this telephone 12 conversation that you referenced the first time, no, I am 13 not aware of any other information. 14 15 BY MR. SQUERI: Q. Let's go back to any other time when Mr. Yoshida was 16 17 here in the United States. MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Relevance. 18 THE COURT: Overruled. I'm going to let him 19 20 answer that. THE WITNESS: Which time? 21 THE COURT: 1997 to 2003. 22 BY MR. SQUERI: 23 Q. 1990 -- yeah, 1997 or 1998 to 2003, or any other time 24 when he was here in the United States, are you aware of any 25 Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

law?

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conduct, and I'm excluding the last year to be -- to be clear, are you aware of any conduct that Mr. Yoshida has engaged in here in the United States in violation of U.S.

And I'm excluding that last one-year period. I'm not trying to ask the same question again.

- A. I'm having a difficult time answering that question.

  I'm aware of several traffic violations that Mr. Yoshida had here in the United States. And I don't want to assume that you mean something other.
- Q. With the exception of traffic violations.
- A. Okay. The time period 1998 to 2003, while he was here in the United States, I cannot recall off the top of my head without reviewing all of my documents that I -- that there is any information of violation of law while he was here.

  I'm sorry, that's the best I can do.
- Q. And going back to this phone call that Mr. Yoshida had with CW-2 on May 30, 2012, that call did not come about upon the initiative of Mr. Yoshida, did it?
- A. If your question is how the call started, CW-2 first reached out to Mr. Yoshida.
  - Q. And it was CW-2 who first brought up prior conversations that had taken place in Japan during this telephone conversation; isn't that correct?
  - A. Without reviewing the draft transcript, I can't answer

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that question.

Q. Well, is it fair to say that the conversations that were referred to during this con- -- during this phone call were all to have taken place in Japan, not the United States?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Basis.

THE COURT: Do you want to respond?

MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, the witness has signed an affidavit talking about what occurred during this call he's -- he's attempted to summarize and characterize. I think it's appropriate cross-examination to ask him a question of this nature.

THE COURT: Overruled. You can answer, if you know.

THE WITNESS: Your question again, sir? I'm sorry.

## BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. And the conversations that were referenced during this telephone conversation on May 30, 2012 between Mr. Yoshida and CW-2 were conversations that were to have taken place in Japan, not the United States; is that correct?
- A. Again, without reviewing the draft transcripts, that's difficult to answer, but I believe that that's correct, yes.
- Q. And the transcript, in some respects, speaks for itself. But you -- you cannot say here today whether or not

it was Mr. Yoshida who initiated any conversation about those prior discussions in Japan?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Your Honor, I think we're -- we're getting pretty far afield of the bond modification issue. It appears to me that counsel is essentially arguing that because of -- he may be able to show that conduct occurred in Japan that was nevertheless in violation of the laws of the United States, and there's no dispute regarding that. We do seem to be getting quite far afield of the issue of whether the defendant is going to appear for future court hearings, and I'd respectfully request that the examination be limited.

MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, the government seems to want to have its cake and eat it too. They want to make assertions in their brief suggesting that Mr. Yoshida was somehow ready, able and willing to start engaging in antitrust violations here in the United States, and the record does not support that.

And I think it's -- it's certainly appropriate cross-examination for this witness to see whether or not there's any evidence that -- that they have that goes beyond that point, that goes beyond what's in this conversation, or whether or not he's aware of any initiative taken by my client in this area.

THE COURT: Can you simply ask him that question?

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1	MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, I have been trying to ask
1	
2	those questions, and we've had repeated objections from the
3	Department of Justice. I did ask may I have the question
4	reread back? Because I no? Okay.
5	I'll rephrase the question, Your Honor
6	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
7	MR. SQUERI: to help move things along.
8	BY MR. SQUERI:
9	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . Agent, are you aware of whether or not Mr. Yoshida
10	initiated with CW-2 any conversation about their prior
11	discussions in Japan?
12	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: During can you limit that to a time
14	period? What time period are we talking about?
15	MR. SQUERI: During the phone conversation.
16	THE COURT: All right. Overruled. You can
17	answer.
18	THE WITNESS: I do not recall how the conversation
19	began, but I recall a conversation back and forth with both
20	parties, CW-2 and Mr. Yoshida discussing prior conversations
21	and meetings that they had about that behavior.
22	BY MR. SQUERI:
23	Q. During that conversation, did Mr. Yoshida seek to
24	engage CW-2 in any conversation about pricing?
25	A. Current pricing, is that your question?
	Lori A. Callaḥan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

1 **Q.** Yes.

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- 2 | A. Not to my knowledge, no.
  - Q. Did he attempt to enter into any type of collusive agreement during that phone conversation?
    - A. Beyond his assertion that he would like to continue but Company A would not allow it, I am not aware of any other instance in the conversation, no.
    - Q. And there was a comment made in passing, he didn't ask the person from CW-2 to engage in further collusive conversations, did he?
      - MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. Argumentative.
- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. No basis.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled. You can answer it.
- MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, the contention is
  that the comment is made in passing. There is no basis in
  this record upon which to assume that fact.
  - THE INTERPRETER: Interpreter is not able to hear the prosecutor, Your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Oh. The court would agree with you that there's no basis for determining whether or not the comment was made in passing.
- So can you rephrase your question?
- MR. SQUERI: Sure, Your Honor.
- 25 BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. Agent, did Mr. Yoshida, during that telephone conversation, ask CW-2 to engage in any form of collusive behavior?
- A. Mr. Yoshida -- again, without reviewing the draft transcript in front of me here, Mr. Yoshida made a comment about wanting to continue, but not being able to.

Beyond that comment, I am not aware of any other instance of attempting to have collusive behavior during that conversation.

Q. And he didn't bring up prices, he didn't bring up competition, he didn't bring up anything concerning the business between those two companies, did he?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. I think counsel has made his point and it is cumulative.

THE COURT: Sustained.

## BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. Agent Brown, do you see there on pages 3 and 4 of your affidavit, you talk about certain contacts and communications, you say, that DOJ has been told about concerning requests for quotations made by Honda; is that correct?
- A. One moment, please. Let me review the tran- --
- 23 Q. Please do that.
  - A. Okay. What was your question again? I'm sorry.
  - Q. If you look at pages 3 and 4 of your affidavit, you

    Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

- talk about certain contacts and communications that you say 1 DOJ has been told about concerning certain requests for quotations made by Honda; is that correct?
  - Α. Yes.

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- Now, just to be clear, none of the communications you were referring to are supposed to have taken place in the United States; is that correct?
- A. I believe that is correct, yes.
- Q. All of these communications were to have taken place within the sovereign territory of Japan; isn't that correct?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. I think that counsel would need to restate that and tie it at least to the affidavit in order to have a basis for that.

MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, I'm going to object. I mean, these repeated interruptions by DOJ with what I would submit are in many cases frivolous and unnecessary objections is --

THE COURT: Overruled. You may -- overruled. BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. And all of these communications that you refer to here were to have taken place within the sovereign territory of Japan; isn't that correct?
- A. I believe that's correct, yes. 23
  - And one of the things you disclose here in your affidavit is that there was supposed to have been

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discussions in which Mr. Yoshida was involved with CW-1
1
      regarding the request for quotation for the 2006 Honda
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      Civic; is that correct?
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       A. Yes.
           Did you know that at that point in time, Mr. Yoshida
5
      wasn't even employed in a position where he had
6
      responsibility for Honda business and sales?
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                 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. Again --
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                 THE COURT: Sustained.
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                 MS. MANSCHRECK: -- at this point we're going
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       far --
                 THE COURT: Sustained.
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                 MS. MANSCHRECK: -- afield and --
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                 THE COURT: Sustained.
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       BY MR. SQUERI:
       Q. Okay. Well, let me -- let me just ask this question:
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            Agent Brown, are -- you've been working on this
17
       investigation. Have you become familiar with the process
18
       that's followed in connection with the Honda request for
19
       quotation when it is looking to buy anti-vibration rubber
20
       products?
21
        A. Generally speaking, yes.
22
        Q. And are you aware of the fact that there are various
23
       stages in this process when both specifications for a
24
       product and prices are changed and requoted?
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A. Yes.

Q. And are you aware of the fact -- are you aware of whether or not any prices that may or may not have been discussed -- may have been discussed during any of these conversations you allude to were actual prices that were charged to Honda?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor. Again, if the concern is about the weight of the evidence, at this point this is going much further afield than that. And as we — as has been discussed before, and as Your Honor noted at the beginning of this hearing, this should be quite limited to the issue of the bond modification hearing, and counsel has taken a lot of liberties at this point.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, if you'll just allow me just a little bit of latitude, and I'll be very — I'll be very brief here.

## BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. Are you aware of any analysis done by the United States as to whether and to what extent United States commerce was affected by any of the conduct that you refer to in -- in your affidavit?
  - MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Sustained. I don't think that has any bearing upon our detention issue.

BY MR. SQUERI:

- Q. Agent Brown, are you aware of the fact that Mr. Yoshida
- was required to surrender his passport when he was arrested 3
- here -- when he was arrested in Columbus some 50 days ago; 4
- is that correct? 5
- 6 Α. Yes.
- Q. And without this passport, he can't get on a plane and 7
- travel back to Japan; isn't that correct? 8
- A. Without any passport, he cannot get on a plane to 9
- travel back to Japan, that's correct. 10
- Q. Is it -- Agent Brown, are you -- do you have any 11
- specific awareness of any black market that exists for 12
- Japanese passports in the United States? 13
- Do I have personal knowledge of a black market? No. 14
- Am I aware that it's possible for foreign nationals to go to 15
- an embassy and get a new passport? Yes. 16
- I'll get to that point in a second. 17 Q.
- 18 A. Okay.
- But just -- just to be clear, you have no information 19
- or knowledge about a black market for passports, Japanese 20
- passports here in the United States, do you? 21
- THE COURT: He already answered that. 22
- BY MR. SQUERI: 23
- Q. Agent, have you informed any of the Japanese consulates 24
- or the embassy about the fact that Mr. Yoshida's passport 25

was surrendered because of the pending criminal charges against him?

A. No, I have not.

- Q. Is there anything to prevent you from doing so?
- 5 A. Not that I'm aware of, no.
  - Q. Did you realize that if the United States Government told the Japanese consulate about this and the embassies, they wouldn't issue him a new passport --

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection.

BY MR. SQUERI:

**Q**. -- if he applied for one?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. That assumes a fact that is not in the record.

MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, I intend to proffer evidence to show that that is, in fact, the case. And I'd just like to know — the government here has taken the position expressly in its brief that these conditions are justified because my client can somehow easily go and obtain a passport. That is simply not accurate.

And I'd like to probe whether or not the government does, in fact, have any -- any evidence to support that fact. And I think it's appropriate to ask him whether or not he knows that such a passport can and cannot be obtained from a consulate.

THE COURT: You can ask him whether he knows.

1	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you rephrase your
2	question or repeat your question?
3	BY MR. SQUERI:
4	Q. Do you know, Agent, whether or not a Japanese consulate
5	would issue a passport to Mr. Yoshida if it were told that
6	he was required to surrender that passport in connection
7	with a criminal proceeding like this?
8	A. I do not know.
9	Q. And you are aware of the fact that the Japanese and
10	United States antitrust authorities have established a
11	cooperative relationship when it comes to enforcing
12	competition in antitrust laws; isn't that correct?
13	MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Sustained.
15	BY MR. SQUERI:
16	Q. Are you aware of the fact that the United States has an
17	extradition treaty with Japan?
18	A. Yes.
19	MR. SQUERI: I have I have no further
20	questions, and I'd like to turn to the evidence that I
21	intend to proffer as well, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Before I do so, I would give
23	Ms. Manschreck an opportunity to do any direct that she
24	chooses.
25	MS. MANSCHRECK: Yes, Your Honor, I would.
	Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF KEVIN BROWN 1 BY MS. MANSCHRECK: 2 Q. Good afternoon, Agent Brown. 3 A. Good afternoon. 4 THE INTERPRETER: Interpreter is not able to hear. 5 6 Sorry. THE COURT: Please speak directly into the 7 8 microphone. MR. SQUERI: You have to speak right into the 9 microphone there. 10 BY MS. MANSCHRECK: 11 Agent Brown, what is your educational background? 12 A. I have a college degree in mathematics. 13 Q. And I believe you said in your -- during direct 14 examination, that you're employed by the FBI in Cleveland; 15 is that correct? 16 17 A. Yes. Q. And what is your title there? 18 19 A. Special agent. Q. And how long have you worked at the FBI? 20 A. Approximately ten years. 21 Q. And what sort of investigations have you been involved 22 in at the FBI? 23 A. White collar crime investigations, including antitrust, 24 public corruption, some bankruptcy fraud, and organized 25

- 1 crime matters as well.
- 2 Q. And approximately how many investigations have you been
- involved in over the course of those ten years?
- 4 A. By that do you mean that I was the main case agent on?
- 5 Q. That you had any investigative role in.
- A. I'm sorry, I have no idea. A roundabout guess, I'd say
- 7 | 50 that I had some sort of involvement in. That's the best
- 8 I can do sitting here.
- 9 Q. And I believe you stated that you've been working on
- 10 | this particular investigation since the fall of last year;
- 11 | is that correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- Q. And what sort of activities have you conducted in the
- 14 course of this investigation?
- 15 A. Interviews, consensual monitoring of a telephone call,
- 16 grand jury subpoenas.
- 17 Q. Can you understand Japanese?
- 18 **A.** No.
- 19 Q. And so when you're conducting these investigative
- 20 | activities and they involve Japanese language, do you rely
- 21 on interpreters?
- 22 **A.** Yes.
- 23 Q. And with respect to the affidavit that was submitted
- 24 | with the complaint in this case, does it reflect the
- 25 | entirety of the information collected during your

- 1 investigation?
- 2 A. No.
- Q. And is the investigation ongoing? 3
- A. Yes. 4
- Q. You had mentioned the recorded phone call on direct 5
- examination. When was that phone call made? 6
- A. I believe it was May 30th of 2012. It's -- I'm sorry, 7
- 8 I'm just looking through the affidavit.
- 9 Yes, May 30th, 2012.
- Q. And were you present for the duration of the phone 10
- 11 call?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And what language was the phone call in? 13
- 14 A. Japanese.
- And the person who made the phone call, how -- how do 15 Q.
- 16 you know that person?
- 17 The cooperating witness from Company A in this
- investigation. 18
- And is Company A a competitor with the defendant's 19
- 20 company?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And who is the phone call made to?
- A. Mr. Yoshida. 23
- Could you understand what was going on while the call 24
- 25 was being made?

- 1 **A.** No.
- 2 Q. I believe you said on direct examination that there was
- a debriefing after the phone call; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And during that debriefing, did you have a chance to talk to the caller about what had happened in the call?
- 7 A. The CW-2? Through the interpreter, yes.
  - Q. And is the transcript that you relied on in support of the affidavit in support of this complaint consistent with what you heard during that debriefing?
- MR. SQUERI: Objection. Leading.
- 12 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 13 BY MS. MANSCHRECK:
- Q. You said before that what you heard during this debriefing was a summary of what had happened during the call; is that correct?
- 17 A. A very general summary, yes.
- Q. Was there any mention in that debriefing about plans to return to -- the defendant's plans to return to Japan?
  - A. I don't recall. There may have been mention of travel.

    I don't recall if it was specific as to why he was

    returning. That's a -- I really don't recall.
    - Q. So you don't recall whether there was mention of why there would be a return, but there was mention of there being a planned return?

- 1 A. I'm -- I'm confident that there wasn't mention of why.
- 2 | I'm not as confident as to whether or not he mentioned that
- 3 | there would be travel. I -- I believe he did.
- 4 Q. Now, after the call was made, you were -- there was a
- 5 transcript prepared, correct?
- 6 A. Of the call, yes.
- 7 Q. And you've had a chance to review that transcript,
- 8 | correct?
- 9 **A.** Yes.
- 10 Q. Is that transcript consistent with what was said to you
- 11 by the caller in that debriefing?
- MR. SQUERI: Objection, Your Honor. Asked and --
- 13 previously asked and sustained. Leading.
- 14 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 15 BY MS. MANSCHRECK:
- Q. Was there anything that was said in the debriefing that
- 17 | is inconsistent with what you saw in the transcript?
- 18 A. No, the debriefing was very general. The transcript is
- 19 obviously much more detailed.
- 20 Q. Are you aware of the citizenship of the defendant?
- 21 A. Yes. Japanese. A citizen of Japan.
- 22 Q. And are you aware whether he has any family members?
- 23 A. I believe he does, yes. I believe he's married.
- 24 Q. Are you aware where his wife resides?
- 25 A. My understanding is it's in Japan.

MR. SQUERI: Objection. Foundation. 1

2 THE COURT: Sustained.

> MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, I'm just asking the witness what he's aware of, where his -- whether he's aware where the wife resides.

MR. SOUERI: Same objection. No foundation that he would have a basis for personal knowledge.

THE COURT: Do you want to rephrase your question? BY MS. MANSCHRECK:

- Q. In the course of this investigation, have you had a chance to review visa documentation associated with this defendant?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And according to that visa documentation, is it your understanding that the defendant was -- came to the United States with his wife?
- 17 A. I'm sorry.
- 18 Q. And I'll rephrase.
- Are you aware of more than one visit by the Uni- -- by 19 the defendant to the United States? 20
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And one of those visits, I believe on direct 22 examination we discussed was between 1998 and 2003; is that 23 24 correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And the other is the one that has him here now from -that started in August of 2011; is that correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. With respect to the visit in 1998 through 2003, did you have a chance to review the visa documentation associated with that visit?
- A. Yes.

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**Q.** And according to that visa documentation, are you aware whether the defendant brought his wife with him for that visit?

MR. SQUERI: Objection. Leading. If they have the documentation, they can -- they can show it to us. It's putting witness in the -- words in the witness's mouth as to what's included in another document.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: I do not recall.

## BY MS. MANSCHRECK:

- Q. And with respect to his more recent visit in August of 2011, do you recall any information about whether he was -- he brought his wife to the United States?
- A. I don't believe he did.
- Q. You do not believe he brought his wife to the United States, or you do not believe he provided that information?
  - A. My fault. I do not believe his wife traveled with him.
  - Q. Are you aware of where the defendant's permanent

1 residence is?

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- 2 A. In the United States or in Japan, is that -- is that
  3 what you mean?
  - Q. Well, that's the question, is where his -- are you aware of where his permanent residence is?
- 6 A. Yes, Japan.
- Q. Are you aware of whether the defendant owns any housing in the United States?
  - A. I am not aware.
- Q. Are you aware of who owns the housing that the defendant currently resides in in the United States?
- 12 A. I believe it's his employer.
  - Q. On direct examination, Mr. Squeri had asked you some questions regarding the am- -- the leniency program with the Antitrust Division.

You had mentioned on direct examination that there are certain conditions that are required for a leniency applicant to receive non-prosecution.

Could you explain what some of those conditions are?

A. Um --

MR. SQUERI: Objection. Foundation. The government previously questioned this witness's competence to get into this area. It seems unfair for them now to lead him along in another line of questioning.

THE COURT: I think we're going far afield here
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- again, so I'll sustain the objection. 1
- 2 BY MS. MANSCHRECK:
- 3 Q. Is it your understanding that in order to receive
- non-prosecution according to the leniency program's terms, 4
- one would have to provide truthful cooperation? 5
- MR. SQUERI: Objection. 6
- THE COURT: Sustained. 7
- BY MS. MANSCHRECK: 8
- Q. Are you aware of prosecutions of companies by the 9
- 10 Antitrust Division?
- Any prosecution of any company? 11
- Q. Yes. 12
- 13 A. Yes.
- And is it your understanding that based on the facts 14
- alleged in your affidavit, the defendant's company could 15
- potentially be prosecuted? 16
- 17 A. Yes.
- Do you recall what, if any, monitoring of the 18
- defendant's travel plans were in effect prior to the 19
- issuance of the complaint and the arrest warrant? 20
- 21 A. Yes.
- Could you describe for the court how that monitoring 22
- works? 23
- 24 A. Prior to the arrest warrant, my understanding with
- assistant with other agents -- assistance from other agents 25

1	was that a representative from another government agency
2	essentially checked international reservations each day to
3	see if Mr. Yoshida had made any.
4	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . How frequently during a day would those reservations be
5	checked?
6	A. My understanding was once.
7	$oldsymbol{Q}$ . Is it your understanding that if those reservations
8	were checked, for example, early in the day, and the
9	defendant then purchased a ticket later in the day, you
10	would not have been alerted of that reservation?
11	MR. SQUERI: Objection, Your Honor. Calls for
12	speculation. No foundation. There's no evidence that there
13	would have been anything of the kind done here, and it's
14	just asking the witness to speculate about something that is
15	purely argumentative.
16	MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, the foundation is
17	laid by the witness's testimony that it's only checked once
18	a day.
19	THE COURT: Overruled.
20	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you repeat your
21	question?
22	BY MS. MANSCHRECK:
23	$oldsymbol{ ilde{Q}}.$ Is it your understanding that were the reservations
24	checked early in a day and the defendant were to later in
25	the day purchase a ticket for travel outside the United

States, that you would not be alerted to that, assuming that it was for same-day travel?

A. My understanding --

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MR. SQUERI: Objection. Foundation as to whether or not the witness knows that could be picked up in the -in the check of reservations. I -- we need to have some foundation that he's in the position to even know that.

THE COURT: Sustained.

## BY MS. MANSCHRECK:

- Q. Is it your understanding that the monitoring system that we have been discussing is foolproof?
- A. By "foolproof," you mean -- if you mean 100 percent accurate all the time, no, it's not.
  - And can you explain an example of how it's not accurate 100 percent of the time?
  - A. Through my conversation with agents that we have stationed at various airports throughout the country, I contacted one of them, and their -- based on different -obviously, different circumstances; in this case, we asked, we, the FBI, the agent that I contacted, Customs and Border Patrol, I believe it was, to access one of their systems to check for international flight reservations by Mr. Yoshida.

My understanding is that that was done approximately once a day, at best. And if reservations were made early and he traveled out later that day, again, my understanding

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is it would not have been picked up by the system until the following day when they checked again.

- Q. And similarly, if the defendant were to travel to Mexico or to Canada by car, is it your understanding that law enforcement would receive notification in time to intercede?
- MR. SQUERI: Objection. Foundation.
- THE COURT: Sustained.
- BY MS. MANSCHRECK:

- Q. In your conversations with other agents and with border patrol, have you become familiar with any system in place with respect to the borders with Mexico and Canada?
- A. Yes. My conversations were with another FBI agent, not Customs and Border Patrol.
  - Q. And based on that conversation and -- what is your understanding as far as notifications that would be in place in the event that the defendant were to travel to either Mexico or to Canada?
- 19 A. Are you referring to land crossings?
- **Q.** Yes.
  - A. The system we were referring early -- referring to earlier prior to the arrest warrant being issued, there was no way for me to be notified about land crossings.
  - Q. And in the event that the defendant were to travel to Mexico or to Canada, are you aware of any monitoring system

that would allow you to intercede in the event that he then 1 made a reservation to Japan from either of those 2 companies -- countries? 3 Once they were in those countries? 4 Q. Yes. 5 A. No, I'm not. 6 7 MS. MANSCHRECK: Just one moment. 8 BY MS. MANSCHRECK: Q. In your affidavit, you mentioned a variety of models of 9 10 vehicles, correct? 11 A. Several, yes. Q. Is it your understanding that those vehicles are sold 12 in the United States? 13 A. Yes. 14 MS. MANSCHRECK: I have nothing further, Your 15 1.6 Honor. 17 MR. SQUERI: I just have a few questions. THE COURT: Briefly. 18 MR. SQUERI: Yes, I will be brief, Your Honor. 19 REDIRECT EXAMINATION OF KEVIN BROWN 20 BY MR. SQUERI: 21 22 Q. Agent, you were asked some questions about Mr. Yoshida's personal situation with his family. 23 Are you aware of him having a wife and two children? 24 A. I'm aware -- I believe that he's married, yes. 25 Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

not aware that there were two children. I think I believed 1 there was one. But that's --2 O. You have not conducted any independent investigation 3 into his personal situation, correct? 4 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. 5 THE COURT: Overruled. 6 MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. 7 THE COURT: I think that's an appropriate 8 9 question. MS. MANSCHRECK: I just -- just for vagueness. 10 I'm not quite clear what he means by "personal situation." 11 MR. SOUERI: Your Honor, the witness can say 12 whether he understands the question. I think the objection 13 is not appropriate. 14 THE COURT: I overruled it. 15 MR. SQUERI: Thank you. 16 THE WITNESS: Part of my understanding of his 17 marital situation is that when Agent Sante arrived at his 18 house to do the interview, he was, I think, Skyping with his 19 20 wife in Japan. And I believe I noticed on the visa application 21 that there was mention of his wife, having a wife. That's 22 the extent of my knowledge. 23 BY MR. SOUERI: 24 Q. And you are aware of the fact that he has been employed 25

- in the same -- with the same company for over 30 years, 1
- 2 aren't you?
- I think give or take a few, yes, he's been with this 3
- 4 company a very long time, yes.
- O. His entire career? 5
- A. I don't know that. I know a long time. 6
- Q. Well, and you've also become familiar with the 7
- operations here in the United States, and they're very 8
- substantial, aren't they? 9
- For his company, is that what you're referring to? 10
- Q. Yes, employing 500 or more people. 11
- 12 A. I believe so, yes.
- Q. And you are -- you made mention of your experience in 13
- other antitrust matters in response to questions from the 14
- 15 government.
- In how many cases were you the lead case agent, if you 16
- 17 can recall here?
- 18 For antitrust investigations?
- 19 Q. Yes. Yes, sir.
- 20 A. Two or three.
- And the government asked you some questions about the 21
- 22 company's exposure here.
- Are you familiar with the fact that typically companies 23
- 24 that become subject to antitrust investigations look to
- cooperate with the government, in your experience? 25

MS. MANSCHRECK: Objection. 1

THE COURT: Sustained. His experience is two or 2 three cases where he's been lead agent. 3

BY MR. SQUERI:

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Q. Well, if we expand it to any of the cases that he's had experience with, are you aware that companies typically do look to cooperate with the government under those circumstances?

THE WITNESS: I'm aware that some do, yes.

BY MR. SOUERI:

- Q. And that it is in the company's interest to have its employees, like Mr. Yoshida, cooperate with the government under those circumstances?
- A. I couldn't say. I think it would depend on when they were involved in the case.
- Q. You were asked some questions about this airline scheduling.

Just to be clear, do you have any information that Mr. Yoshida attempted to leave the United States any time after May 30, 2012?

A. No.

O. And there's no evidence that you are aware of that he somehow made reservations later in the day with the -- after you had -- the FBI had gone through its check of the reservation system?

- I believe I answered, I'm not aware of him making any 1 2 reservations.
  - And I asked you about contacting U.S. consulates here in the United States about the sit- -- excuse me, Japanese consulates here in the United States.

Have you attempted to contact Japanese consulates in Canada or in Mexico?

A. No.

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- Q. And are you aware of whether or not Mr. Yoshida would need a passport in order to travel from Mexico or Canada to Japan?
- A. I believe he would.
  - Q. And just to be clear, do you or do you not recall the details of the debriefing that you conducted of CW-2 after the telephone conversation on May 30, 2012?
  - A. I recall CW-2 indicating that the telephone conversation had discussed various meetings and price discussions that they had had in the past in Japan.

I am -- I believe there was discussion during the debriefing about travel, but it's not as clear in my mind as to details about the price discussions and other meetings in Japan.

That's the best answer I can give you.

Q. And it's still your testimony that you do not recall whether he mentioned anything about the JFTC at that time?

- A. I'm sorry, could you repeat that?
- 2 Q. And is it still your testimony that you do not recall
- 3 whether he mentioned anything about the JFTC during that
- 4 debriefing?

- A. I don't believe he did mention the JFTC during the
- 6 debriefing. I think that's what I had said earlier.
- 7 MR. SQUERI: Give me just one moment, Your Honor.
- 8 BY MR. SQUERI:
- 9 Q. Was the Department of Justice interpreter present at
- 10 | the time that you were monitoring the telephone call with
- Mr. Yoshida -- between Mr. Yoshida and CW-2 on May 30, 2012?
- 12 **A.** No.
- 13 Q. It was a different interpreter?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And did that interpreter tell you anything about a JFTC
- 16 | conversation?
- A. Well, that interpreter translated what CW-2 said, which
- 18 | was what I've already testified to.
- 19 \ Q. In the debriefing that you mentioned?
- 20 A. Correct.
- MR. SQUERI: I don't have any further questions,
- 22 Your Honor. I don't know whether this is a convenient time
- 23 to break, but I would like to continue my argument and
- 24 proffer of evidence.
- THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We will take a
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1	break, ten minutes. Okay.
2	Ms. Interpreter, is this an appropriate time to
3	take a ten-minute break?
4	THE INTERPRETER: Yes, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. We
6	are in recess for ten minutes.
7	MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, we would excuse the
8	witness.
9	THE COURT: Oh. All right. Thank you.
10	MR. SQUERI: Should we excuse the witness, I
11	should say? I don't want to be presumptuous.
12	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: They're still on the phone.
13	THE COURT: Pardon?
14	(Inaudible.)
15	THE COURT: All right. Agent Brown, you are
16	excused. You may remain if you wish, or you are free to
17	leave.
18	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Thank you.
20	(Thereupon, a recess was had.)
21	THE COURT: on the line?
22	THE INTERPRETER: Yes, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: And the court wants to apologize if
24	the hearing was longer than anticipated. However, we are
25	concerned with very important rights in criminal cases, and
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so we are not able to accurately -- accurately estimate the length of time that a hearing will last; and certainly, we would apologize for any inconvenience.

But in the greater picture, we have to look at protecting the rights of defendants. And so we truly apologize if we went over the estimated time. However, it is beyond our control. We understand that you only have 20 minutes remaining, so we will attempt to complete our hearing within 20 minutes.

But the court is very concerned that you would be antagonistic toward the courtroom deputy. She has no control over how these hearings go.

The lawyers are doing their jobs to represent their clients so that we can achieve a sense of justice, and the court certainly would hope that the interpreting service, which is an important service to us, very difficult to achieve, we rely upon you heavily, but we can't control the length of time that a hearing will take.

Our job is to protect the rights of people who appear before us, and we do that in the very best manner that we can. We need your assistance.

Is that clear?

THE INTERPRETER: Your Honor, I -- I'd like to respond to that.

THE COURT: Certainly.

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THE INTERPRETER: I was originally given an
estimate of 60 minutes, and I have been here from 9:00 in
the morning Pacific time, and we went on for an hour and a
half without any breaks. And I'm willing to accommodate
that, Your Honor. But I am a contractor to the court, and I
do have another matter that I need to attend to at 11:50.
THE COURT OF THE C

THE COURT: The court understands your time schedule. And so if you have a previous engagement in the next 20 minutes, we anticipate completing the hearing once you give us notice that you have another matter scheduled. I have advised counsel and told them that they must wrap up in the next 20 minutes so that you can leave.

However, we do appreciate being cooperative with each branch of the government and the court. And so we all try to work together and accommodate each other.

I will be respectful of your schedule. And if indeed we were thoughtless and did not give you a break, certainly the court would not be opposed to an interpreter saying, "Your Honor, I need a break at this time."

I know that it's very intense work, and I appreciate that. So anytime we're going over, if you were to say, "I'm sorry, I need a break," that's fine. We all understand that. Okay?

THE INTERPRETER: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. We'll now proceed. And

1	I'm going to just limit each side to ten minutes, because
2	that's all we have. Anything more that you want to submit,
3	you can do it by paper. You can file any written arguments
4	that you wish. I would appreciate your making your proffer
5	at this time.
6	MR. SQUERI: Yeah. I'll try to be as quick as
7	possible, Your Honor.
8	First, Your Honor, let me proffer some additional
9	materials to the court. I have a series of documents.
10	May I approach just to hand them to the court?
11	THE COURT: Yes, certainly. Thank you.
12	MR. SQUERI: I won't spend any time going through
13	the detail, but let me tell you what I've handed to you,
14	Your Honor.
15	First is an extradition treaty between the United
16	States and Japan. And I would just note for the record that
17	the United States Justice Department has taken the position
18	that antitrust offenses are extraditable under that treaty.
19	Second is a treaty between Japan and the United
20	States, mutual legal assistance in criminal matters. That's
21	dated August 5, 2003. This is a document that I obtained
22	from the U.S. Justice Department's website.
23	Third is an agreement between the government of

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anticompetitive activities. It's an agreement between the

Japan and United States regarding cooperation on

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Japanese antitrust authorities and those of the United States.

And I also included a couple of page Internet printout that just refers to an Internet -- an international cartel working group, which happens to be co-chaired by the antitrust competition agencies of Germany, the United States and Japan.

And my point in presenting these documents is, one, to point out to the court that, in fact, extradition is a possibility. It's the reason why many Japanese individuals have, in fact, surrendered to the United States.

And also to point to the cooperative relationship that exists between the government of the United States and Japan.

And during my questioning of Agent -- of Agent Brown, I started to get into some statistics regarding the Antitrust Division. You can see that in the last printout that I provided, on pages 4 and 5, where I would have gotten the data that I intended to refer to.

In the last five fiscal years, there have been an average of over 120 investigations pending a year that's brought by the Antitrust Division, and charges brought against approximately 316 individuals by the Antitrust Division. And these are usually going to be antitrust prosecutions. There are times when other federal statutes

are enforced. But typically, these are antitrust prosecutions.

And the point here is that the numerous antitrust prosecutions brought by the Antitrust Division is at most, when you look at -- it's highly extraordinary to impose the conditions of the na- -- of the nature that have been imposed here.

Now, we don't --

THE COURT: Have you looked at the bond conditions in those cases?

MR. SQUERI: What we have done, Your Honor, and -- and I need to make sure the court understands that our data is going to be more limited than that -- than that of the Justice Department.

But I asked a paralegal to go back three years and look at each of the antitrust prosecutions that could be identified, and we were only able to identify one instance involving a Taiwanese individual, and I would observe Taiwan does not have an extradition treaty with the United States, where electronic monitoring was required.

I can represent to the court that it wasn't done in any other instance, that's all -- all that I found.

And I can represent to the court that in my years practicing in this area, this is a highly unusual condition to impose.

And what I would also proffer to the court is, as
he court knows, Mr. Yoshida has willingly surrendered his
assport. DOJ has tried to minimize the significance of his
loing so, and suggested that he can easily obtain a new
passport and flee the country.

Your Honor, this is simply not the case. We checked with the Japanese consulate in Detroit in order to see whether or not DOJ's bald assertions could be substantiated, and they can't be.

I would proffer to the court that I called the Japanese consulate in Detroit, Michigan. The consulate has responsibility for matters in Michigan and Ohio. I was directed to and spoke with an individual by the name of Jim Fergersky, who is employed by the consulate in the position of security adviser.

What I learned from Mr. Fergersky is as follows:

One, neither the consulate nor the Japanese
government with whom he checked has knowledge of any black
market for Japanese passports in the United States.

Two, Japanese consulates would not issue a new passport to a Japanese citizen if made aware of the fact that the reason one is needed is because it was surrendered to a U.S. court.

Moreover, if a person like Mr. Yoshida were to obtain a new passport by lying that he had, for example,

lost one, he would be committing a crime under Japanese law
and subject to fine and imprisonment up to five years in
Japan, his home country.

The important point here, Your Honor, is that by having Mr. Yoshida surrender his passport as has been done here, this is more than enough, in our view, to secure his reporting back to the court and answering to the charges here.

Your Honor, we have already addressed the fact that no one was planning to move Mr. Yoshida outside the United States in order to advance any antitrust prosecution.

We heard the testimony that there was no indication that he had made reservations, even after the time he was interviewed by DOJ.

And the evidence actually indicates anything but a desire to be responsive to U.S. authorities. He con- -- the way he conducted himself on the day that the FBI visited his home is indicative of a person looking -- who is not looking to evade prosecution. He gave the FBI a substantial interview on that day.

And the suggestion in the brief -- their brief of the United States that somehow he was looking to engage in new antitrust violations, it's simply not substantiated by the evidence.

I won't review the testimony, but there is no Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022

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evidence that he ever attempted to engage in an antitrust violation here in the United States.

And the court sustained my -- the objection of the government when I asked about whether any analysis had been done on impact on U.S. pricing. I asked that question for a very important reason, and that is because this conduct occurred in Japan, there -- the extraterritorial assertion of jurisdiction by the United States must meet certain requirements, including that it did, in fact, have a substantial effect on U.S. commerce.

This goes back in jurisprudence of -- to the jurisprudence of Judge Learned Hand in 1945, and is memorialized in the Antitrust Improvements Act --International Antitrust Improvements Act -- excuse me, I've got to restate that, the Foreign Trade Antitrust Improvements Act of 1982, which requires that there be a substantial and direct effect on U.S. commerce.

And my point here, Your Honor, is when you look at the strength of the evidence argument made by DOJ, it's not quite that clear. And I know they'll disagree with me, and today is not the day to get into that, but it's not that clear. As a matter of fact, there would be a significant defense.

I am going to try to get through this. I'm near the end, Your Honor.

Your Honor, very briefly, the government's assertions about the risk of flight with respect to Mr. Yoshida are not supported by the record. He's here in the United States. He will remain in the United States.

Counsel for the company is here in the courtroom, can represent to the court that they expect him to stay in the United States if the court wishes to hear from her.

And, Your Honor, it is -- it is sufficient to impose the requirement that he stay in the country, that he respond and report to the authorities. There is no need for this electronic monitoring.

And I do need to make one important point, because this is, I know, a point that's important to the court. And that is, what's the big deal? The big deal, Your Honor, is -- is, first of all, that as I've explained to the court, there is some Japanese cultural issues here, and there are also issues, Your Honor, relating to his ability to interact with customers.

As I mentioned in chambers, he's only met with a customer on one occasion in the 50 days since he has -- since he was arrested. This is a source of embarrassment. He's dealing with other Japanese customers here in the United States.

THE COURT: How is his ability to interact with customers affected?

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MR. SQUERI: It's --
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                 THE COURT: The electronic monitoring is not
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       visible, is it?
                 MR. SQUERI: Your Honor, if somebody crosses their
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       legs, if they're -- they spent -- I understand that when
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       Japanese business folks get together, it's not for a
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       one-hour meeting, they get together for a long time, for a
 7
       number of hours. And they're going to see it at some point.
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      And this is -- it's a real source of embarrassment and shame
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       in their culture -- under their culture.
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                 And I still -- and we still also have to come back
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       to the fact that under the Bail Reform Act, it should be the
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       least -- the least restrictive conditions that are needed
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       under the circumstances.
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                 THE COURT: Condition or combination of
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       conditions.
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                 MR. SQUERI: Yes. Yes, Your Honor, I understand.
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       I am just trying to speak quickly right now. I apologize.
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                 THE COURT: That's okay.
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                 MR. SOUERI: But in this particular instance, the
20
       electronic monitoring is not required. He has roots here.
21
       He has a substantial employer.
22
                 THE COURT: What are his roots here other than his
23
24
       employment?
                 MR. SQUERI: His roots here don't go beyond his
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              Lori A. Callahan, RMR-CRR (330) 252-6022
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1	employment, but I think it would be unfair to not
2	characterize those as significant. He has worked for this
3	company his entire working career, over 30 years. If he
4	were to do something harmful to his company that would make
5	his company look bad, that that is not something
6	inconsequential.
7	And I still go back to the fact, Your Honor, that
8	this is highly unusual and, you know, and he shouldn't be
9	treated differently.
10	THE COURT: All right. You've made your point.
11	If you would like to submit additional argument in
12	writing, you may do so. I apologize for having
13	MR. SQUERI: I understand.
14	THE COURT: to limit your time. However, I
15	want to be fair to the government and give them an
16	opportunity to argue as well.
17	MR. SQUERI: I understand, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: You may submit any additional written
19	argument that you wish.
20	MR. SQUERI: Thank you, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Thank you.
22	Ms. Manschreck?
23	MS. MANSCHRECK: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	Your Honor, the defendant is a Japanese national
25	without substantial ties to the United States. He has been
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here on a temporary work assignment since August of 2011. His wife and his family are in Japan. He has no known significant assets here, neither a house nor car in his name.

He has been charged with a serious crime, which carries a ten-year penalty maximum. Our preliminary calculation of his guidelines range is between 33 and 41 -sorry, 33 and 41 months' imprisonment.

And he is aware of a variety of sources of evidence, including his own recorded statements in a call, as well as his admissions during an interview, which have not been undermined in the course of this hearing as it relates to their being incriminating.

The defendant's challenge to the jurisdiction of the United States in relation to this case, the government would submit, is unsubstantiated, but in all events, would be fully litigated, and, thus, is not the sort of thing -we would describe it as a thin reed upon which to conclude that he should not be concerned about facing potentially significant jail time, and, therefore, have a motive to leave the United States.

As Your Honor has noted, the defendant has not identified anything that a location monitoring prevents him from doing. And indeed, Your Honor's prior order modifying the conditions of release have allowed him to travel under

certain circumstances to visit customers, and has addressed the specific restrictions that he had identified were preventing him from doing his job.

Your Honor, location monitoring combined with the other conditions that have been imposed are indeed the combination of conditions that is least restrictive, but necessary to assure his continued appearance at court dates.

In regards to the extradition treaty, Your Honor,

I would point you to Article V of that extradition treaty

that the defendant has put in front of you today, which

specifically states that it is within the Japanese

Government, as it is in the United States Government's

discretion whether to extradite their own national. And for

that reason, it is not a treaty upon which we can

definitively rely so that the defendant would appear for

court dates.

The other thing that I would -- I would proffer as a professional representation is the fact that Japan has never extradited someone for an antitrust crime.

With respect to the defendant's ability to obtain a passport in an embassy, I too can make a representation based on the Department of Justice's contact at the -- at the Japanese embassy, which is the legal attache there, a Mr. Watanobbi, who has said that the Japanese embassy and consulates in the United States do not have any established

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procedure to prevent the issuance of a new passport to a Japanese national who is a fugitive or is otherwise violating a court order.

They could ask the foreign ministry in Tokyo on a case-by-case basis whether the ministry would be willing, at the request of the U.S. Government, to order its consular affairs officials in the U.S. not to issue a new passport to a particular individual, but it is not at all clear how the foreign ministry would respond to such a request.

In other words, there is no guarantee that we can prevent him from obtaining a new passport and absconding in the event that he is not on location monitoring.

As was brought out during the testimony of Agent Brown, the defendant would be capable of traveling to Canada or to Mexico and obtaining a passport from the consulate in those countries, and then absconding to Japan as well.

The defendant has pointed to a variety of statistics. I haven't had a chance to fully review them. But what I can say is that the individual that Mr. Squeri pointed out during his argument from Taiwan, that defendant is named Homy Hong-Ming Hsu, and he is the most recent arrest in an antitrust case. He was arrested last year.

His case is in the Northern District of California. And I have a copy of the magistrate's order denying a similar motion in that case. That defendant was

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also placed on location monitoring. He's a Taiwanese	
national. He was arrested on a layover in Los Angeles, a	
had been traveling from Taiwan to Mexico.	

The orders -- the conditions of his release were electronic monitoring, travel restricted to the Northern District of California, curfew, of the same duration as the defendant has, and the allowance for some limited trips to nearby cities and states. Very similar to the conditions that are presently imposed upon this defendant.

The defendant in that case had wanted to go to Taiwan for Chinese New Year to see his octogenarian parent who was ailing, and the court denied that motion.

And I have the order with me, and if you'll allow me to approach, I can give that to you.

THE COURT: Thank you. And did you give a copy to Mr. Squeri as well? Thank you.

MS. MANSCHRECK: I have.

And I would encourage review of that order, because it's very similar to the situation with the defendant here. That defendant had virtually no ties to the United States. He was facing also a serious charge of an antitrust violation.

And the judge noted specifically that the company in Taiwan would have an incentive not to let him return, because they too would face charges.

1	And I would note that that particular defendant's
2	bond was set at an even higher amount than this defendant's.
3	Other than that case, I am not aware of any other
4	comparable case of an antitrust defendant who is a foreign
5	national without substantial assets in the United States who
6	is in the United States whom we have not arrested.
7	Other than directing you also to the pretrial
8	services conclusion with respect to this defendant, I would
9	otherwise rest on our briefs and on the evidence that you've
10	heard today.
11	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. I
12	can leave you one minute. Is that right, Ms. Interpreter?
13	MR. SQUERI: I think she has until ten to, Your
14	Honor, she said.
15	THE INTERPRETER: Yes, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Pardon?
17	MR. SQUERI: I think she said she has until ten
18	minutes before the hour.
19	THE COURT: That's what it is.
20	MR. SQUERI: Oh, that's that was, I guess
21	THE COURT: I have just one quick question I need
22	to ask you, and any additional comments you want to submit
23	in writing, either counsel can do that.
24	Does your client interact only with Japanese
25	companies and contacts and customers?
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1	MR. SQUERI: I'd have to ask him to be able to
2	make that broad statement.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. SQUERI: But I understand, Your Honor, that he
5	principally does, because, yeah, he's dealing with Japanese
6	auto manufacturers here in the United States.
7	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
8	MR. SQUERI: If I could just make a few very quick
9	points in response, Your Honor. I'll take 60 seconds.
10	THE COURT: Sixty seconds.
11	MR. SQUERI: Yeah. I think one of the things
12	that's very important that the court just heard is that
13	consistent with the research we did, the Justice Department
14	could only identify one circumstance where this has been
15	done before. And I think it's important to point out that
16	that was the chairman of the board of this company.
17	Mr. Yoshida doesn't hold a position of that of that
18	level.
19	And again, as I pointed out earlier, Your Honor,
20	Taiwan does not have an extradition treaty with the United
21	States.
22	And it's important to note that the Justice
23	Department, in taking its positions regarding extradition
24	from Japan, has has convinced a number of people to plead
25	guilty here in the United States, about ten or so just in

the past -- past year.

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And I have to take strong issue with counsel's statement that there hasn't been anyone here in the United States similar to Mr. Yoshida where there is a pending antitrust investigation. I know personally of situations where the Justice Department had individuals employed here in the United States, whose -- whose homes were in Japan and were under those circumstances, there weren't -- it wasn't a rush -- a rush to an arrest here.

I think what happened here was there was a rush to arrest based on erroneous information in a telephone conversation. It's unfair to treat Mr. Yoshida differently because the Justice Department made a mistake with respect to a crucial bit of factual information.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.

Does either counsel want to submit anything further to the court in writing, any written argument?

Ms. Manschreck?

MS. MANSCHRECK: Your Honor, we'll want to review what the defendant had submitted --

THE COURT: All right.

MS. MANSCHRECK: -- and make a determination about that.

THE COURT: Can I give you ten days? Is that enough time for each of you to submit any additional

filings?

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MR. SQUERI: If I could ask, how long can it be before we get the transcript? I'm sure that's going to govern what the government does, too.

We'll get it to you within ten days, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. SQUERI: Thank you.

THE COURT: Ms. Interpreter, thank you very much for your services this afternoon. I thank you on behalf of counsel, the parties and the court, and I hope that you can make it to your next engagement on time. Thank you.

THE INTERPRETER: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

THE COURT: (Inaudible) submitted a motion, stipulated motion, and the court has reviewed the stipulated motion and the court finds it well taken and the court will grant --

Can you hear me now? I think that was my fault.

There is also pending before the court a second joint motion to extend time for a preliminary hearing pursuant to Rule 5.1(d) and to extend time to return indictment pursuant to 18, U.S.C., Section 3161(h).

The court has reviewed the joint motion and the proposed order, and the court is satisfied that the motion is well stated, based upon good grounds, and the court will grant the order on joint motion.

## Anything further?

Okay. And the court is instructed that she should
confirm the date of the preliminary hearing on September
12th, 2012, at 11:00 in the morning, at which time we
anticipate having a live translator.

And the time for filing the indictment has been extended from August 22nd to September 21st, 2012, pursuant to Title 18 of the United States Code, Section 3161(h). And the ends of justice, the court finds, are thereby served by extending this time so that the parties can have an opportunity to fully explore the opportunity for an expeditious and fair resolution of this matter.

MR. SQUERI: Just one quick question.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. SQUERI: In terms of calculating the time when we're supposed to make our written submissions, would that be ten -- ten --

THE COURT: Days.

MR. SOUERI: -- calendar days?

THE COURT: Excluding weekends.

MR. SQUERI: Oh, excluding weekends, so we're going business days. Okay. Thank you. I just wanted to be clear on that.

THE COURT: Certainly. Thank you.

Anything further from Ms. Manschreck?

1	MS. MANSCHRECK: No, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Miller?
3	PROBATION OFFICER: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
4	THE COURT: Thank you very much. That will
5	complete this oh, I did want to know the name of company
6	counsel.
7	DANIELLE: Danielle (inaudible.)
8	THE COURT: Do you have a business card?
9	DANIELLE: I do.
10	THE COURT: Thank you.
11	And that will complete this hearing. Thank you.
12	(Proceedings concluded at 2:55 o'clock p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
4	from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled
5	matter.
6	
7	
8	s/Lori A. Callahan
9	Lori Ann Callahan, RMR-CRR U.S. District Court, Suite 568 2 South Main Street
10	Akron, Ohio 44308 (330) 252-6022
11	(330) 232-6022
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